

## ALBUQUERQUE MORNING JOURNAL

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1905.

By Carrier, 60c a 3c  
By Mail, \$5.00  
La Voz del Pueblo  
Las Vegas St. N. E. 5 CENTSSTRIKE HAS  
REACHED HUGE  
PROPORTIONSAuthorities Bewildered by  
Strength of Workingmen.HERCULEAN EFFORTS KEEP  
TRAFFIC BARELY MOVINGOver a Third of St. Petersburg's  
Workmen Obey Order of  
Council to Go Out.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 22.—It is difficult to judge whether the general political strike can be ranked as a success or failure. The authorities are bewildered by the strength of the strikers and the strike has reached formidable proportions in St. Petersburg, where, even according to the officials over a third of the workmen obeyed the order of the workmen's council. The strike leaders are confidently asserting that the others will be brought into line immediately. The government, however, has succeeded in keeping railroad traffic out of St. Petersburg moving with reasonable regularity.

The Russ, evidently discounting the failure of the strike, declares that in any event "every defeat is a revolutionary victory and every victory of the government approaches its final surrender."

It is reported here that the disorders at Pskoff, 162 miles southwest of St. Petersburg, have assumed great dimensions, and that at Vilorek, on the Warsaw line, a squadron of Dragoon has been besieged for three days.

The news from the Baltic provinces continues bad. Frederikstad has been taken by the insurgents, and Kreutzburg is surrounded and standing a siege.

12,000 BREAK THROUGH  
CORDON AT MOSCOW

Moscow, Dec. 22.—The 12,000 persons who were besieged in the Aqueduct since last night forced the iron railings surrounding the building at 9 o'clock this morning and effected their escape through an adjacent school house. A few were wounded in their attempts to escape the military cordon.

GERMANS TO RESCUE  
COUNTRYMEN IN RIGA

Berlin, Dec. 22.—A German steamer has sailed from Stettin for Riga, chartered by the German government to bring away German subjects whose lives are endangered by the revolutionary disturbances there. Another steamer will leave here Wednesday for Riga on a similar errand.

The decision of Chancellor von Buelow with the approval of the emperor to send German steamers to the Russian Baltic provinces and bring away the Germans who are in danger of their lives is regarded as a most important act, and one that may be the first in a series of steps which the German government may deem necessary to safeguard the interest of German subjects whose estates are now being plundered or whose businesses are being ruined by the insurgents. A strong feeling exists among unofficial people over the murders of Germans and the attacks on them even in large places such as Riga, and the evident powerlessness of the Russian government to give them immediate protection. The newspaper stories of outrages on individual Germans, who, on account of their nationality, appear to have been special objects of hatred, have caused greater loss of confidence in the stability of the Russian administration than any previous publications. The optimistic feeling as to the outcome of the Russian disturbances seems to be shaken and there is even talk, entirely outside of government circles, of the possibility that Germany may have to do more than send merchant ships to the relief of the beleaguered and spoiled Germans.

The government has informed Russia in the ordinary diplomatic way that vessels are being sent to Baltic ports. The greatest interest is felt here as to how the steamers will be received and whether any obstacle will be placed in the way of their carrying out their benevolent mission.

St. Petersburg in the Dark.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 22.—The workmen of two or three electric light plants struck yesterday evening and consequently the streets in the major part of the city were in darkness throughout the night, the inhabitants being compelled to fall back on candles and kerosene. A searchlight mounted on the spire of the admiralty building brilliantly lighted the Nevsky as it did during the October strike and cavalry and infantry guarded every block, machine guns being stationed at several points. During a tour of the city the correspondent saw dozens of workmen between soldiers with fixed bayonets being marched off to prison. Caches of arms and bombs were being seized on Schlessburg avenue yesterday and a crowd of a thousand strikers of the Nevsky works was charged and dispersed by Cossacks.

## Mysterious Pronouncement.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 22.—The boldness of all bold pronouncements of the

revolutionists is a mysterious handbill with which Tsarskoe-Selo was flooded today. It alludes to the terrorist plot against the emperor. The handbill says:

"There will be a little puff of smoke. Pay no heed to it as the result will be the best thing for everybody." The police are baffled in their efforts to find the promoters and distributors of these bills.

Troops Are Fired.

Colingen, Province of Courland, Dec. 22.—A committee of people has compelled District Governor Baron Ropp to send troops away from here. The town is now under control of the revolutionists.

To Stop Trains at All Costs.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 22.—The failure of many of the railroad men of St. Petersburg to obey the strike order and the ability of M. Nemenchaleff, minister of communication to move trains on all railroads except the Baltic roads, are thorns in the sides of the strike leaders. The flat went forth last night at a meeting of the workmen's council that traffic must be interrupted at all costs, though this admittedly will be difficult on the Niennolas road to Moscow. Trains are running with ordinary crews on this line but all the trains are heavily guarded. Delegates will try moral suasion with the faithful employees, but it is feared that they will also resort to destroying bridges along the road.

Strike On in Minsk.

Minsk, Western Russia, Dec. 22.—A general strike has commenced here. All the stores are closed.

Big Bank Falls.

Warsaw, Dec. 22.—The failure of the important banking house of Maurice Neiken was announced today. The difficulties of the concern are attributed to the political situation.

## Mormons in Vermont.

South Royalton, Vermont, Dec. 22.—A party of fifty Mormons arrived here today from Utah, Ohio and New York, to be present tomorrow at the dedication of a monument to be erected to the memory of Prophet Joseph Smith, founder of the Mormon faith, on the site of a farm house in Sharon, where he was born 100 years ago.

UNIVERSAL  
SUFFRAGE  
IS REFUSEDCzar and Cabinet Decline to  
Grant Demand.GOVERNMENT CIRCLES SURE  
THAT STRIKE WILL COLLAPSE

St. Petersburg, Dec. 22.—At a session of the cabinet, presided over by Emperor Nicholas, it was decided that universal suffrage should not be granted.

The emperor and his cabinet late last night reached a final decision regarding the electoral law, deciding against universal and equal suffrage and in favor of the extension of the law promulgated August 19 last to include in addition to the small land owners in the country, the workmen and the educated classes, the small payers in the cities.

The Douma will be convoked in March.

In high government circles the greatest confidence is expressed that the general strike will fail.

So far as St. Petersburg is concerned, the battle certainly is going against the revolutionaries.

Unless better results are obtained elsewhere or the fight enters on a distinctly new phase the leaders will be compelled to beat a general retreat in order to save their prestige.

NO CHANGE FOR  
TALLMADGES

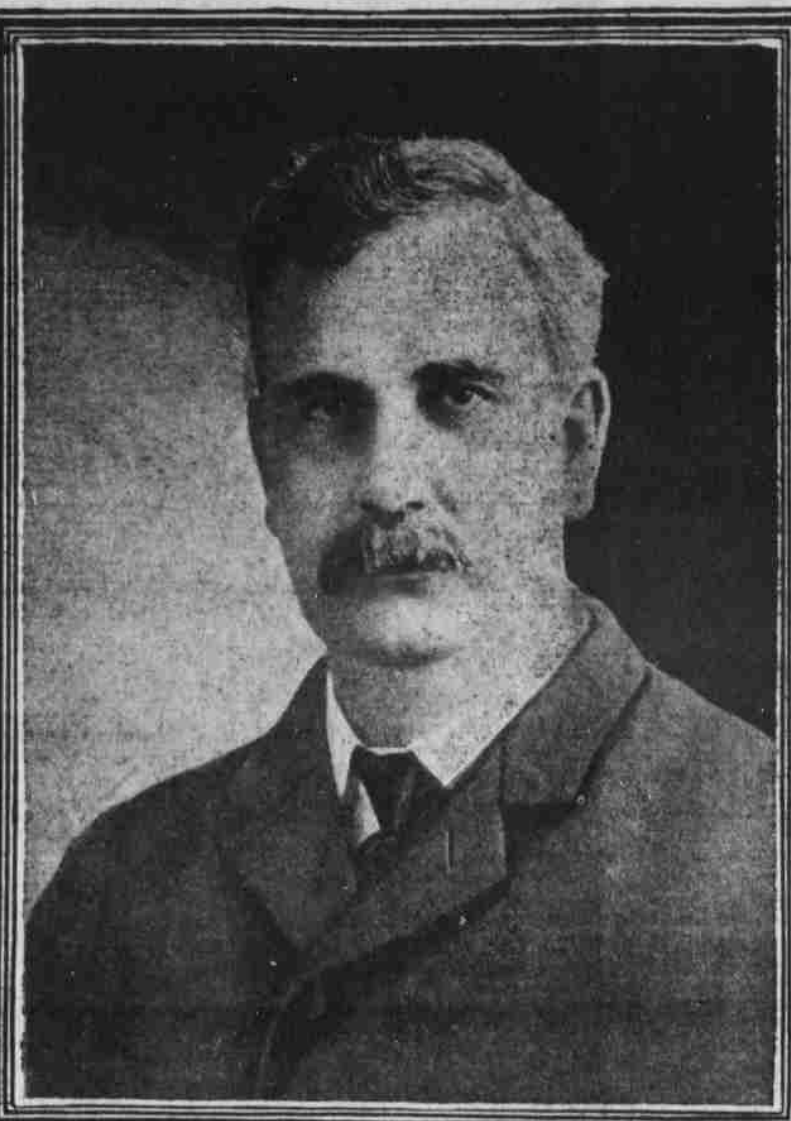
Special to the Morning Journal.

Roswell, N. M., Dec. 22.—Associate Justice Edward A. Mann in the United States district court today refused the application for a change of venue to the Sixth district filed by counsel for E. L. E. R. and B. H. Tallmadge, composing the Southwestern Land company at Roswell. Twelve indictments are pending against the Tallmadges in the Fifth judicial district court, charging perjury, subornation of perjury and conspiracy to defraud the United States by inducing certain persons to make fraudulent desert land entries in the United States land office there. The application for a change of venue was made on the ground that great prejudice existed in the public mind against them in the Pecos valley, where the lands in question are located.

As a result of Judge Mann's decision the cases will come up for trial in the April term of the Fifth judicial district court before Judge W. H. Pope in this city.

Everything Tied Up.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 22.—Dispatches from Komra, Yaroslavl and Veronezh say railroad employees have obeyed the strike order and the roads are tied up.

New York's Ex-Governor Whom the  
Republicans Turned DownBENJAMIN B. ODELL, JR.  
PHOTO BY HARPAN N.Y.RANCHMAN IS FAVORABLE  
ARRESTED  
REPORT ON  
SANITARIUMProject at Las Vegas Is  
Recommended to DirectorsMEANS FORMAL APPROVAL  
OF NEW MEXICO INSTITUTION

El Paso, Texas, Dec. 22.—The latest developments in the murder of two Americans and wounding of another at Diaz, Mexico, is the arrest of O. F. Finstad at whose ranch the tragedy occurred. It is believed the arrest is simply to comply with the technicality of the Mexican law. Mrs. Finstad arrived today from Los Angeles and went to her husband's aid. She gives the correct names and residence of the victims of the tragedy as follows: Olo F. Finstad, Los Angeles; C. W. McMurray, Los Angeles; brother of Mrs. Finstad; Robert W. Rutherford, Philadelphia.

Louis G. Coughner ("Shorty") Los Angeles.

The bodies of Rutherford and McMurray are still held at Santa Rosa, pending investigation by the Mexican authorities.

FINSTAD ONE OF BIGGEST STOCK RAISERS IN MEXICO

Los Angeles, Cal., Dec. 22.—A. G. Finstad, the Los Angeles man arrested at Diaz, Mexico, resides at No. 957 Lake street, this city. About a year ago Finstad purchased 50,000 acres of land in the vicinity of Diaz, which he stocked with cattle. He is wealthy and one of the largest stock raisers on the Mexican border. He has resided for nearly four years in Los Angeles. His wife and daughter left last Wednesday for Diaz. Several years ago Finstad became interested in mining claims in Alaska and spent some time in the north, where he is said to have been successful. On returning from Alaska he purchased land in Mexico.

FINSTAD ARRESTED FOR APPARENT COMPLICITY

El Paso, Texas, Dec. 22.—Consul T. D. Edwards tonight received the following message from Enrique Creel, governor of Chihuahua, bearing on the arrest of Finstad: "Finstad arrested for apparent complicity in the murder of two Americans (meaning Rutherford and McMurray), at the Bucho ranch."

STATE DEPARTMENT DEMANDS RETURN OF VICTIMS' BODIES

Washington, Dec. 22.—The state department has sent instructions by telegraph to the United States consular agent at Diaz, Mexico, to endeavor to secure and return to Philadelphia the bodies of the two Americans, Rutherford and McMurray, killed near that place by bandits.

Chino-Jap Treaty Signed.

Pekin, Dec. 22.—The Chino-Japanese treaty was signed today by Baron Komura and Uchida in behalf of Japan, and Prince Chang and Viceroy Yuan Shi Kai in behalf of China. The Chinese commissioners say the treaty relates solely to Manchuria and that the reports of a Chino-Japanese alliance are false.

Two Fights at Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Wis., Dec. 22.—Andy Besenah of Cincinnati tonight easily defeated Jack O'Leary of Milwaukee in an eight-round bout before the Badger Athletic club. Besenah proved to be the superior fighter in every round.

Jack Dougherty of Milwaukee was awarded a decision over Otto Bielef of Chicago in a six-round bout.

HIGGINS IS  
PLEASED WITH  
THE RESULTSays Downfall of Odell Is  
Entirely Satisfactory.VICTORY OF PARSONS FACTION  
COMPLETE AFTER HOT FIGHTGovernor Thinks Contest Is Practically  
Over and Wadsworth's  
Support Is Solid.

Albany, N. Y., Dec. 22.—Governor Higgins left Albany tonight to spend Christmas with his family at Olean. He did not attempt to conceal the fact that the outcome of the past week's political contest was satisfactory to him.

"I regard the contest as practically over," said the governor, "providing, always, of course, that the assembly must first act for themselves. But in view of the positive pledges which have been given for the support of Mr. Wadsworth I regard that matter as settled."

The governor admitted that he had personal advice as to the outcome of the conference of the assemblymen held today in New York city. It had adjourned, he said, after a free discussion, but without action. There might or might not be another such conference before the final caucus which would make the republican nomination for speaker. He said he hoped for unanimous action in the republican caucus of assemblymen.

The governor said that former Lieutenant Governor Timothy L. Woodruff called upon him today with William Barnes, Jr., republican state-committeeman from Albany, and that Mr. Woodruff had renewed his expressions of good will and approval of Mr. Wadsworth's candidacy.

CONTROL ENTIRELY WRESTED  
FROM HANDS OF ODELL

New York, Dec. 22.—During a contest which continued from 9 o'clock last night until nearly 4 this morning, marked at times by bitter recrimination but concluded with mutual pledges of support, control of the New York county republican committee was wrested from the adherents of former Governor Odell by a faction headed by Herbert Parsons. In reorganizing the committee for the coming year, Parsons was elected president to succeed William Halpin and the other officers chosen were Parsons' friends. The election of Parsons was secured at 2:35 this morning. Halpin immediately congratulated Parsons and pledged him his support. Tactics of delay were adopted by the Odell faction as soon as the committee met and these continued for several hours. It is said that the motive for delay was to await the result of the speakership fight. Parsons and his friends did not propose to wait and announced their intention of organizing the committee if it took all night. The first test vote came just before midnight on a motion to adjourn the election until January 4. The Parsons men won, 223 to 218. There was a long fight over a contested election case and the Odell faction was again defeated. Nominations for office were then taken up and officers and committee elected.

## John N. Irwin Dies.

Keokuk, Ia., Dec. 22.—John N. Irwin died today at Hot Springs, Ark. He was former minister to Portugal, governor of Arizona, governor of Idaho, mayor of Keokuk, and head of a wholesale mercantile company.

Holly Springs, Miss., Dec. 22.—Two coaches of the local north bound passenger train on the Illinois Central railroad were derailed and turned over a 25-foot embankment today. Mrs. James Wade of Seldon, Miss., was killed. Six other passengers were injured, probably fatally.

JURY IN BEEF  
CASE CHOSEN

Chicago, Dec. 22.—The twenty-one persons and corporations indicted on charges of conspiracy in restraint of trade in the meat business will go to trial January 9, 1906, on their ten special pleas for immunity. The jury which was finally accepted today, after eighty-two veniremen had been questioned, consists of five farmers, three real estate dealers, two carpenters, one stock raiser and one printer. After a long charge by the court the twelve men were allowed to go to their homes until the date of the trial. The verdict of this jury will decide only whether the packers are to be tried later on the main charge if the case or go free altogether, because under the law they are entitled to immunity from prosecution, if as they assert they furnished evidence against themselves during the Garfield investigation, and which evidence, it is declared by the defendants, was used against them to bring the indictments.

## Martial Law Declared.

Warsaw, Dec. 22.—A proclamation of the governor general was gazetted here today, establishing martial law in all the governments of Russian Poland and appointing a temporary military governor general.

## New York, Dec. 22.—Fire early this

morning destroyed the buildings extending from 59 to 58 Nassau street, Brooklyn, occupied by the New York Transfer company as a stable and storerooms for trunks and parcels in transit. The New York Transfer company includes Dodd's express and delivery department of the Adams Express company. Thousands of packages of Christmas goods were destroyed.

There were 112 horses in the stable section of the building when the fire was discovered, but all were gotten out safely. The burned buildings extended through from Nassau street to 188 and 190 Adams street. The loss will exceed \$100,000.

## Ministry Helpless.

Paris, Dec. 22.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg says: The strike now covers the whole of Russia. The Novoe Vremya admits that with unprecedented rapidity all communication with the provinces and abroad has been stopped. It is expected hourly that the ministry will be rendered entirely helpless.

PROFITS IN  
SECURITIES  
HAD LOSSESWitnesses Tell How Mutual  
Padded Its Accounts.HENDRICKS PROTESTS THAT  
IT IS ALL NEWS TO HIMChief Examiner Vanderpool Declares  
Manipulation of Figures Was Never  
Apparent on the Surface.

New York, Dec. 22.—Additional testimony as to the management of the Mutual Life Insurance company was adduced today by witnesses before the legislative committee on insurance investigation, tending to show that the company used profits from the sale of securities to conceal the reduction of book values of real estate, or losses, as Charles E. Hughes, counsel to the committee, called them. Francis E. Hendricks, superintendent of the state insurance department, when on the witness stand yesterday said he had never heard of such a thing, and that it had never been called to his attention.

Today after auditors of the Mutual Life had testified to this fact, Isaac Vanderpool, chief examiner of the department, declared that he had not described the matter in his examination of the company last year when in his report he gave the company what was practically a certificate of "good character." He said these manipulations of the figures were not apparent in the books. These transfers of profits to the debit side of the profit and loss account were made by the auditors upon instruction of President McCurdy and Vice President Granin and the written instructions were produced. They named the figures that adjusted the acts and last year while there was really a profit of almost a million and a half dollars, when these transfers were made, no profit whatever was shown.

Mr. Vanderpool said he had examined the report of 1904 which showed no profits from the sale of securities. Although he knew this was untrue he did not so report it because he did not think it was necessary. The same situation existed in the New York Life according to Mr. Vanderpool, although the practice was not general, and when asked what he did in the matter, he said "nothing."

Mr. Vanderpool said he had examined the Hanover bank account of the New York Life in 1904 and did not find the \$100,000 that was paid to Andrew Hamilton.

Mr. Vanderpool never knew of the year-end loans of the Metropolitan Life to Vermilye & Co., and never knew how the company handled its collateral loans. He said he never in an examination of a company went back of its ledgers.

Henry D. Appleton, second deputy in the insurance department was on the stand a large part of the afternoon. He testified as to his duties and detailed legislation that had been advised by the department to control assessment companies. Mr. Appleton said that no more attention is paid to the statement of a New York company than is paid to the statement of a company incorporated in any other state. He said no actual inspection is made of a report unless an examination is made.

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AMERICAN PEACE DELEGATION

Former Ambassador to Go to Hague Conference.

Washington, Dec. 22.—The Post tomorrow will say: Joseph H. Choate, who recently was succeeded at the court of St. James as United States ambassador by Whitelaw Reid, in all likelihood will be named by President Roosevelt as chairman of the American delegation to the second Hague peace conference. This selection virtually was decided on by the president yesterday.

## San Pedro, Cal., Dec. 22.—For twelve

hours today the eastern newspaper representatives who are guests of the Union Pacific railroad and touring southern California were in danger of going to the bottom of the Pacific ocean.

Their special steambot, the Warrior, in which they essayed to make a trip to Santa Catalina Island, was buffeted by the highest waves which have raged over the channel for many months, and in the end the visitors were glad to be taken from the boat without being able to land on the island at all.

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LONDON IS  
HOTBED OF  
TERRORISTSSlav Emissaries Direct the  
Massacres From England.TONS OF PROCLAMATIONS  
SMUGGLED TO CONTINENTHundreds of Bombs Manufactured  
for Assassination of Russian Officials.

London, Dec. 22.—Russian revolutionists are working in London for the overthrow of czarism, which they hold responsible for all the massacres of the last twelve months.

Whitechapel is the headquarters of a group of five leading Jewish members of the Russian revolutionary organization, who are acting as directors of a band of secret agents, who accept without question the orders transmitted to them from St. Petersburg, Moscow, and Odessa.

Not only are tons of revolutionary proclamations printed in the east end and thence smuggled to the continent, but many thousands of rifles and revolvers have been shipped from the Thames to the Baltic and the Black Sea.

A more startling side of the work is the preparation of bombs, which is being carried on in the east end. Hundreds of bombs have in the last six months been sent from the Thames. Their history is curious.

Most of them arrive in London unloaded, from New York and Chicago, where they are made, and the preparation of the chemical contents is done here by revolutionaries who have studied chemistry in Russia.

There is at least one maker of bombs themselves in the east end—a young silversmith, who for more than a year has been manufacturing these weapons of the revolution.

Not long ago, it is stated, he showed some friends a bombshell the size of a man's fist, made entirely of silver.

"Why silver?" he was asked. He answered, "We must have silver for the Czar."

Spreading the Revolt.

Stories of the revolution are told every day by newcomers in the east end.

"I am a locksmith," said a swarthy Jew who landed four days ago from Riga, "and was a delegate of the revolutionary party detailed to spread the revolution among the factory workers. For three months I worked in one factory; then I went to another, leaving behind me hundreds of converts."

"Twelve months ago in Riga a police spy denounced me, and I was taken to prison without trial. Until ten days ago I was in prison, and was never tried."

"Sixty-seven political were in the prison. Twenty-eight of us were in one underground room. Our only food was half-baked bread and cabbage. Some of us fell ill and two died."

"Ten days ago we tried again to escape. We knocked the guards down and jumped from a window. I got to the house of a revolutionist, who hid me for a couple of days. Money was collected for my passage, and I got away by sea."

"For four days I have been in London. I had a few roubles when I came, but I was swindled out of it all the first day. Today I have had no food. Yesterday I had some bread. The day before I had nothing. At night I slept in a court with ten other men like myself."

## Tapley Hanged.

New York, Dec. 22.—Edwin J. Tapley, negro wife murderer, was hanged at the county jail today in Jersey City. It was said Tapley had arranged with a clergyman to signal with his hands after the drop fell to show he was alive and realized what was transpiring. Tapley's hands did twitch convulsively, but Rev. Emil Meury, with whom it was said he made arrangements to signal and who witnessed the hanging, refused to say whether the movements of the hands were like arranged signals. Tapley confessed to the murder before the drop fell.

CONSPIRACY TO DO UP  
COLUMBIAN GOVERNMENT

Guilty Parties to Be at Once Court-Martialed.

Bogota, Colombia, (Thursday), Dec. 21.—The authorities here today discovered just in time a conspiracy to overthrow the government. It was headed by Felipe Angelo, Moya Vasquez and Louis Martinez, who with all others comprised have been arrested and will be tried by court martial. The government officials believe the affair and say that peace is assured. President Reyes and the government being most popular. The whole country, it is added, condemns the plot.

## Discontent General.

Panama, Dec. 22.—Advises from Cartagena, the capital of Colombia, state of Bolivar, say there is great discontent throughout the republic owing to the announcement of an increase of taxation.

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